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PPLICATION NO	). F	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/043,814		01/10/2002	Stanley K. Cheng	LWC/187	7857
30480	7590	08/22/2005		EXAMINER	
EDWARI	D S. SHER	RMAN, ESQ.	ALEXANDER, REGINALD		
3554 ROU SUITE 303	ND BARN	BLVD.	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
SANTA R		95403		1761	
				DATE MAILED: 08/22/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

U.S. Patent and Tri PTOL-326 (Re		fice Action Summa	ry	Part of Paper No./Mail Date 0805			
2) Notice 3) Inform Paper	e of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94 nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/S No(s)/Mail Date	•	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	•			
a)[	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docu 2. Certified copies of the priority docu 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International Beet he attached detailed Office action for	iments have been iments have been been been been been been been imported by the been been been been been been been be	en received. en received in Applicati ents have been receive le 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage			
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
10)	The specification is objected to by the Example The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)  Applicant may not request that any objection to Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the of the oath or declaration is objected to by the content of the oath or declaration is objected to by the oath or declaration is objected to be objected.	accepted or by to the drawing(s) leads	ne held in abeyance. See red if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Applicati	on Papers		·	•			
7)	Claim(s) <u>12-31</u> is/are rejected.  Claim(s) is/are objected to.  Claim(s) are subject to restriction is	and/or election r	reauirement.				
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.	andrawn norm oc	noideration.	•			
	Claim(s) <u>12-31</u> is/are pending in the appl 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are wi		neideration				
Dispositi 	on of Claims						
	closed in accordance with the practice ur	nder <i>Ex parte</i> Qu	<i>layl</i> e, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.			
3)							
2a) <u></u>	<b>,</b>						
1)🖂	Responsive to communication(s) filed on	14 March 2005					
Status							
THE I - Exter after - If the - If NO - Failu	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR F MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT asions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 C SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicate period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by eply received by the Office later than three months after the ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ION. CFR 1.136(a). In no eviction. s, a reply within the state period will apply and ways statute, cause the apply and ways the apply apply and ways the apply and ways the apply and ways the apply app	ent, however, may a reply be ting tutory minimum of thirty (30) day rill expire SIX (6) MONTHS from plication to become ABANDONE	nely filed  s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. (D) (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
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	The MAILING DATE of this communication		L. Alexander	1761			
	Office Action Summary	Examine	r	Art Unit			
		10/043,8	14	CHENG, STANLEY K.			
		Applicati	on No.	Applicant(s)			

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 12-17, 19-21, 23-25 and 27-31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Cheng in view of Welhouse and Leendersen.

There is disclosed in Cheng a cooking pan comprising: a base 2 having an upper cooking surface, the surface being provided with a pattern of concentric corrugations 8 having ridges and grooves therebetween; and a non-stick coating 10 applied to the cooking surface. In regards to the claimed ridge to ridge spacing range, it is recited in Cheng that the range can be 2 mm or wider. See column 2, lines 25-30 and claim 1 where it is recited that the spacing can be "no more than about 2 mm". Cheng clearly discloses that a distance greater than 2 mm can be used. In regards to claims 13 and 20 and the ridge to ridge spacing range of 2.3 mm to 2.8 mm, it can be said that the disclosure of Cheng fits the claimed range. One skilled in the art would expect the same properties and results from the 2 mm disclosed in Cheng and the 2.3 mm – 2.8 mm range claimed. A prima facie case of obviousness exists where the claimed ranges and prior art ranges do not overlap but are close enough that one skilled in the art would have expected them to have the same properties. *Titanium Metals Corp. of America v.* Banner, 778 F.2d 775, 227 USPQ 773 (Fed. Cir. 1985). The phrase "about" allows for

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sizes above and below the designated size, which in this case is 2 mm. In regards to claim 21, 2.5 mm is "about" 2 mm.

Welhouse discloses a distance between a ridge top 15 and a groove bottom 17 in the range of 0.005" to 0.012". It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to modify the ridge top to groove bottom distance of Cheng as taught by Welhouse, in order to improve the heat transfer and drainage performance of the cooking pan.

Leendersen discloses a non-stick coating formed of a flouropolymer (PTFE) and a ceramic filler (boron nitride). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to substitute the non-stick coating of Cheng with that disclosed in Leendersen, in order to improve upon the life expectancy of the coating.

In regards to the claimed radii of curvature being "about 4 mm", it is the opinion of the Examiner that such a desired range is accomplished by the combination of Cheng and Welhouse. The reason being that with the ranges being met the radius of curvature for the grooves could only be in the about 4 mm range.

In regards to claim 19 the above can be said about the range used to describe the ratio of the groove to groove spacing to the ridge top to groove bottom.

In regards to claims 16 and 24 and the use of stamping, the method of forming the device is not germane to the issue of patentability of the device itself. Therefore, this limitation has not been given patentable weight.

Claims 18 and 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the prior art as applied to claims 11 and 18 above, and further in view of Tsai.

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Tsai discloses an article of cookware having a base formed of stainless steel having a roughened cooking surface formed by arc spraying to improve adhesion of a non-stick coating.

It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to modify the base of Cheng, as modified by Welhouse, with that taught by Tsai, in order to improve the adhesion of the non-stick layer.

Claims 14, 21 and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the prior art as applied to claims 12 and 19 above, and further in view of Doyle et al.

Doyle discloses that it is known in the art to have a cooking surface formed of projections 44, 46, 48 having a ridge to ridge spacing of about 2.8 mm (col. 4, lines 9-11).

It would have bee obvious to one skilled in the art to modify the cooking surface of Cheng, as modified by Welhouse, with that taught by Doyle, in order to improve the heat transfer and drainage performance of the cooking pan.

## **Conclusion**

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. The patents to Gazo et al. is cited for its disclosure of a flouropolymer and ceramic coating.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Reginald L. Alexander whose telephone number is 571-272-1395. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Milton Cano can be reached on 571-272-1398. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

rla

August 18, 2005

Reginald L. Alexander Primary Examiner

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